Hudson-Webber Foundation

Financial Report December 31, 2020

Hudson-Webber Foundation

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Hudson-Webber Foundation

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Hudson-Webber Foundation (the "Foundation"), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Hudson-Webber Foundation as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 and the results of its changes in net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Notes 4 and 9, the financial statements include certain investments whose fair values have been estimated by management in the absence of readily determinable fair values. Management's estimates are based on information provided by the fund managers or partnership general partners. These investments are valued at \$171,439,244 and \$164,349,652 (90 and 94 percent of net assets) at December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Plante & Moran, PLLC



Statement of Financial Position

	С	December 31,	20)20 and 2019
		2020		2019
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments (Notes 4 and 9) Unsettled trade receivables Interest and dividend receivable Cash value of life insurance policies Other assets: Prepaid expenses Prepaid federal excise tax Total assets	\$ \$	1,413,573 190,633,109 3,005,531 44,816 74,736 55,386 31,278 195,258,429		2,052,808 176,270,769 295,533 2,805 74,736 60,916 73,668 178,831,235
Liabilities and Net Assets without Donor Rest	ricti	ions		
Liabilities Account payable Grants payable (Note 5) Accrued expenses	\$	15,697 4,168,590 133,536	\$	7,623 4,498,090 150,968
Total liabilities		4,317,823		4,656,681
Net Assets without Donor Restrictions	_	190,940,606	_	174,174,554
Total liabilities and net assets without donor restrictions	\$	195,258,429	\$	178,831,235

Hudson-Webber Foundation

Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

	 2020	2019
Changes in Net Assets without Donor Restrictions Revenue, gains, and other support:		
Contributions Interest Dividends	\$ 100,000 9,720 438,264	\$ 100,585 40,440 699,118
Net realized and unrealized gains on investments - Net of investment management fees	 24,300,861	 24,692,772
Total revenue, gains, and other support	24,848,845	25,532,915
Expenses: Grants awarded (Notes 5 and 8)	6,569,409	7,934,364
Support services: Grantmaking (Note 8) Operational support expenses (Note 8)	634,192 879,192	640,217 871,225
Total support services	1,513,384	 1,511,442
Total expenses	 8,082,793	 9,445,806
Change in Net Assets without Donor Restrictions	16,766,052	16,087,109
Net Assets without Donor Restrictions - Beginning of year	 174,174,554	158,087,445
Net Assets without Donor Restrictions - End of year	\$ 190,940,606	\$ 174,174,554

Statement of Cash Flows

Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	16 766 050 ¢	
Cash i lows from Operating Activities	16 766 050 ¢	
Increase in net assets \$	16,766,052 \$	16,087,109
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets to net cash and cash		
equivalents from operating activities:	(0.4.000.057)	(05.004.000)
Net realized and unrealized gains on investments	(24,609,957)	(25,064,389)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities that (used) provided cash and cash equivalents:		
Unsettled trade receivables	(2,709,998)	(295,533)
Interest and dividends receivable	(42,011)	73,240
Prepaid expenses	5,530	(21,045)
Prepaid federal excise tax	42,390	25,805
Accounts payable	8,074	5,569
Grants payable	(329,500)	932,500
Accrued expenses	(17,432)	27,005
Net cash and cash equivalents used in operating activities	(10,886,852)	(8,229,739)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Purchases of investments	(57,981,270)	(49,299,537)
Proceeds from sales of investments	68,228,887	58,531,287
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by investing		
activities	10,247,617	9,231,750
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(639,235)	1,002,011
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year	2,052,808	1,050,797
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	1,413,573 \$	2,052,808

December 31, 2020 and 2019

Note 1 - Nature of Business

Hudson-Webber Foundation (the "Foundation"), located in Detroit, Michigan and established in 1943, is a private foundation. The Foundation concentrates its efforts and resources in support of projects primarily within four program missions, each of which impacts the vitality and quality of life in the metropolitan Detroit community. The four mission areas are Built Environment, Arts & Culture, Community & Economic Development, and Safe & Just Communities.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP), which require the Foundation to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to the following net asset classifications:

Net Assets without Donor Restrictions

Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of the organization. These net assets may be used at the discretion of management and the board of trustees.

Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

Net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors and grantors. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Foundation has not received donor-restricted contributions that would be reported as increases in donor-restricted net assets, nor does it hold donor-restricted net assets.

Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the accompanying financial statements, the Foundation considers all highly liquid investments purchased with original maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The carrying amount reported in the statement of financial position for cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value due to the short-term nature of these investments.

Investments

Investments in marketable securities are carried at quoted fair market value whenever available. Fair value is determined based on the fair value measurement principles described in Note 9. The alternative investments (see Note 9), composed primarily of trust funds (which include domestic and foreign equities and domestic and foreign fixed income), multiasset, hedge funds, and private equities, which are not readily marketable, are measured at estimated fair values. Those estimated fair values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market for these securities existed. Investments are recorded at fair value in the accompanying financial statements.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of financial position.

Realized and unrealized gains and losses in investments represent the difference between the original cost of the investments and sales proceeds (realized) or the fair market value at the end of the year (unrealized). Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

Life Insurance Cash Surrender Value

The Foundation is the owner and beneficiary of life insurance policies originated by a donor. These policies are valued at their cash surrender value. The cash surrender value is based on the amount paid less any surrender charges and outstanding loans or interest.

December 31, 2020 and 2019

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentration of Credit Risk Arising from Deposit Accounts

The Foundation maintains cash balances in multiple bank accounts. Accounts at the institutions are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000. The Foundation evaluates the financial institutions with which it deposits funds; however, it is not practical to insure all cash deposits.

Excise Taxes

The Foundation is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code. As a private foundation, the Foundation is subject to an excise tax on net investment income, including realized gains, as defined in the Tax Reform Act of 1969.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to evaluate tax positions taken by the Foundation and recognize a tax liability if the Foundation has taken an uncertain position that more likely than not would not be sustained upon examination by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) or other applicable taxing authorities. Management has analyzed the tax positions taken by the Foundation and has concluded that, as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, there are no uncertain positions taken or expected to be taken that would require recognition of a liability or disclosure in the financial statements.

The Foundation's excise tax expense as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 was \$62,390 and \$59,805, respectively.

In addition, the Internal Revenue Code requires that certain minimum distributions be made in accordance with a specified formula. The Foundation will have paid or set aside approximately \$3,020,000 and \$2,650,000 as qualifying distributions for 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Contributions

Contributions of cash and other assets, including unconditional promises to give in the future, are reported as revenue when received, measured at fair value.

Contributions without donor-imposed restrictions and contributions with donor-imposed time or purpose restrictions that are met in the period in which the gift is received are both reported as contributions without donor restrictions. Contributions of \$100,000 and \$100,585 from a related party are reported on the statement of activities and changes in net assets for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncement

As of January 1, 2020, the Foundation adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Update No. 2018-08, *Clarifying the Scope and Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made*, which provides enhanced guidance to assist entities in (1) evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as contributions (nonreciprocal transactions) or as exchange (reciprocal transactions) and (2) determining whether a contribution is conditional. As a resource provider, the Foundation adopted the new standard on a modified prospective basis, and the standard did not impact the timing of grant expense recognition related to the Foundation's grant agreements further disclosed in Note 5. The standard did not require a restatement of prior year amounts.

December 31, 2020 and 2019

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncement

The Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), which will supersede the current lease requirements in Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 840. The ASU requires lessees to recognize a right-of-use asset and related lease liability for all leases. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with the classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the statement of operations. The reporting of lease-related expenses in the statements of operations and cash flows will be generally consistent with the current guidance. The new lease guidance will be effective for the Foundation's year ending December 31, 2022 and will be applied using a modified retrospective transition method to the beginning of the earliest period presented. Upon adoption, the Foundation will recognize a lease liability and corresponding right-of-use asset based on the present value of the minimum lease payments for the lease disclosed in Note 7. The effects on the results of operations are not expected to be significant, as recognition and measurement of expenses and cash flows for leases will be substantially the same under the new standard.

Subsequent Events

The financial statements and related disclosures include evaluation of events up through and including June 1, 2021, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 - COVID-19 Pandemic

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a respiratory disease caused by a new coronavirus a pandemic. The pandemic has impacted global business operations and disrupted the economy and investment markets. As of the date of issuance of the financial statements, the Foundation's operations have not been significantly impacted, but the Foundation continues to monitor the situation. Uncertainty remains surrounding the situation and any long-term impact to the economy. During the year, the Foundation was able to continue operating without any stoppage while moving to a remote working environment. The Foundation was able to react immediately to the needs of the community by making a series of adjustments in response to grantees and the community, which included, but were not limited to, advancing payments to grantees, converting project grants to general operating grants, modifying reporting schedules, and amending budgets and scope of work.

Due to significant uncertainty surrounding the situation, management's judgment regarding the impact of the pandemic may change in the future. The extent of the impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

December 31, 2020 and 2019

Note 4 - Investments

Investments consisted of the following at December 31:

	2020				
		Cost		Fair Value	
Traditional asset class securities: Domestic equity securities Foreign equity securities Domestic fixed-income securities Foreign fixed-income securities	\$	31,222,916 27,739,019 18,991,035 5,819,341	\$	45,573,814 44,625,091 19,603,845 6,046,747	
Total traditional asset class securities		83,772,311		115,849,497	
Alternative investments: Hedge funds and multistrategy Private equity and venture capital		29,584,569 33,557,419		29,912,521 44,871,091	
Total alternative investments		63,141,988		74,783,612	
Total investments	\$	146,914,299	\$	190,633,109	
		2019			
	_	Cost		Fair Value	
Traditional asset class securities: Domestic equity securities Foreign equity securities Domestic fixed-income securities Foreign fixed-income securities	\$	21,827,734 46,369,128 11,906,637 13,682,078	\$	28,863,256 54,876,658 12,154,292 13,777,799	
Total traditional asset class securities		93,785,577		109,672,005	
Alternative investments: Hedge funds and multistrategy Private equity and venture capital		30,489,735 28,604,727		30,144,586 36,454,178	
Total alternative investments		59,094,462		66,598,764	
Total investments	\$	152,880,039	\$	176,270,769	

Note 5 - Grants Payable

Unconditional grants are recognized as an expense at the time of formal approval by trustees of the Foundation. At times, the trustees may approve multiyear grants that are contingent upon the occurrence of an event or certain requirements being satisfied. When these requirements are substantial and the likelihood of the requirement not being met by the grantee is more than remote, the grants are approved on a conditional basis. Conditional grants, if any, are expensed when such conditions are substantially met.

The following summarizes the changes in grants payable as of December 31:

	 2020	 2019
Grants payable - Beginning of year Grants approved Payments made	\$ 4,498,090 6,569,409 (6,898,909)	3,565,590 7,934,364 (7,001,864)
Grants payable - End of year	\$ 4,168,590	\$ 4,498,090

December 31, 2020 and 2019

Note 5 - Grants Payable (Continued)

Grant commitments outstanding at December 31, 2020 are scheduled for payment as shown below:

Amounts due in: 2021 2022	\$ -	2,818,590 1,350,000
Total	\$	4,168,590

Conditional grants are recognized as grant expense and as a grant payable in the period in which the grantee substantially meets the terms of the conditions. Conditional grants approved for future payment totaled \$7,325,000 and \$8,063,000 as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. These grant awards have not been recognized as expense in the respective years. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, conditional grants included \$6,500,000 and \$7,000,000, respectively, to the Foundation for Detroit's Future (FDF), payable in \$500,000 installments over a 20-year period, subject to fulfillment of the conditions, as monitored by the FDF. The remaining conditional grants are expected to be fulfilled in the next two years.

Note 6 - Defined Contribution Plan

The Foundation established a defined contribution pension plan as of January 1, 2000. The plan covers eligible employees with at least one year of service. The Foundation makes contributions to the plan based upon each eligible employee's base salary. Contributions to the plan for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 totaled \$76,740 and \$60,922, respectively.

Note 7 - Lease Commitments

The Foundation leases its office space under a lease agreement that expires in February 2028. The lease agreement provides for a base rental and electricity amount, plus a pro rata share of increases in property taxes and operating expenses relating to the building. Rent expense was \$83,414 for 2020 and \$79,189 for 2019.

The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Years Ending December 31	Amount
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 Thereafter	\$ 85,753 88,788 90,773 92,764 94,760 212,048
Total	\$ 664,886

December 31, 2020 and 2019

Note 8 - Expenses

A portion of the Foundation's expenses have been allocated between grantmaking and operational support activities. Grantmaking expenses pertain to comprehensive grantmaking activities, such as formulating mission and program strategy; reviewing proposals; and awarding, monitoring, and evaluating grants. Operational support expenses include costs related to managing the Foundation. Expenses directly attributable to a specific functional area are reported as expenses of those functional areas. Compensation is allocated based on estimates made by the Foundation's management of time spent by employees on direct conduct or supervision of grantmaking or support activities. Rent expense is based on estimates of employee time spent per square footage of space used by those employees.

The Foundation provides various services to its members. Expenses related to providing these services are as follows as of December 31:

				2020		
	G	rantmaking	_	Operational Support		Total
Grants awarded	\$	6,569,409	\$	-	\$	6,569,409
Support services: Compensation Legal fees Accounting fees Other professional fees Rent Travel, conferences, and meetings Convenings Federal excise tax Other expense		493,939 - 19,994 16,683 33,453 19,374 - 50,749		551,478 4,987 46,025 4,083 66,731 13,383 - 62,390 130,115		1,045,417 4,987 46,025 24,077 83,414 46,836 19,374 62,390 180,864
Total support services		634,192		879,192		1,513,384
Total	\$	7,203,601	\$	879,192	\$	8,082,793
	G	rantmaking		2019 Operational Support		Total
Grants awarded	\$	7,934,364	\$	-	\$	7,934,364
Support services: Compensation Legal fees Accounting fees Other professional fees Rent Travel, conferences, and meetings Convenings Federal excise tax Other expense		427,513 - 62,382 15,838 49,847 30,471 - 54,166		524,562 1,185 44,650 4,534 63,351 33,571 - 59,805 139,567		952,075 1,185 44,650 66,916 79,189 83,418 30,471 59,805 193,733
Total support services		640,217		871,225	_	1,511,442
Total	\$	8,574,581	\$	871,225	\$	9,445,806
		•				

December 31, 2020 and 2019

Note 9 - Fair Value Measurements

Accounting standards require certain assets and liabilities be reported at fair value in the financial statements and provide a framework for establishing that fair value. The framework for determining fair value is based on a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs and valuation techniques used to measure fair value.

The following tables present information about the Foundation's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2020 and 2019 and the valuation techniques used by the Foundation to determine those fair values.

Fair values determined by Level 1 inputs use quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the Foundation has the ability to access.

Fair values determined by Level 2 inputs use other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly. These Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets in active markets and other inputs, such as interest rates and yield curves, that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs, including inputs that are available in situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the related asset.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The Foundation's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset.

The Foundation's policy is to recognize transfers in and transfers out of Level 1, 2, and 3 fair value classifications as of the actual date of the event of change in circumstances that caused the transfer. There were no transfers between levels during the years ended December 31, 2020 or 2019.

Investments that are measured at fair value using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

Disclosures concerning assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis are as follows:

		Assets Me	as	sured at Fair Val	ue	on a Recurring	Bas	sis at Decembe	er 3	1, 2020
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		t Asset Value	Balance at December 31, 2020	
Assets										
Domestic equities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	45,573,814	\$	45,573,814
Foreign equities		9,055,689		-		-		35,569,402		44,625,091
Domestic fixed income		-		-		-		19,603,845		19,603,845
Foreign fixed income		6,046,747		-		-		-		6,046,747
Hedge funds and multistrategy Private equity and venture		4,091,429		-		-		25,821,092		29,912,521
capital			_		_	-	_	44,871,091		44,871,091
Total assets	\$	19,193,865	\$		\$	-	\$	171,439,244	\$	190,633,109

December 31, 2020 and 2019

Note 9 - Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

	Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis at December 31, 2019										
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		Net Asset Value		Balance at December 31, 2019	
Assets											
Domestic equities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	28,863,256	\$	28,863,256	
Foreign equities		-		-		-		54,876,658		54,876,658	
Domestic fixed income		-		-		-		12,154,292		12,154,292	
Foreign fixed income		7,284,096		-		-		6,493,703		13,777,799	
Hedge funds and multistrategy Private equity and venture		4,637,021		-		-		25,507,565		30,144,586	
capital		-		<u>-</u>		-		36,454,178		36,454,178	
Total assets	\$	11,921,117	\$		\$	-	\$	164,349,652	\$	176,270,769	

Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share

The fair value of the domestic and foreign equities, domestic and foreign fixed income, and hedge and multistrategy funds at December 31, 2020 and 2019 was determined primarily based on net asset value. The Foundation estimates the fair value of these investments based on its proportionate ownership interest in the fair value of the net assets of the fund, which is based on actual underlying securities using quoted market prices in active and nonactive markets or prices based on market-corroborated inputs where applicable. For private equity and venture capital funds, the Foundation estimates the fair value of investments based on reports received by the investment's general partners and fund managers based on quoted market prices, where available; audited financial statements; tax reports; or other methods of reported fair value, as disclosed by the general partners or fund managers. Those estimated fair values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market for these securities existed.

At year end, the fair value, unfunded commitments, and redemption rules of those investments are as follows:

		Investments Held at December 31, 2020								
					Redemption	_				
	_	Fair Value	C	Unfunded Commitments	Frequency, if Eligible	Redemption Notice Period				
					Daily, Monthly,					
Multistrategy funds	\$	25,821,092	\$	-	Quarterly	0 to 90 Days				
Equity funds		81,143,216		-	Monthly, Daily	0 to 15 Days				
Fixed-income funds		19,603,845		-	Daily	0 to 5 Days				
Private equity and venture capital										
funds		44,871,091		28,111,780	Quarterly	N/A				
Total	\$	171,439,244	\$	28,111,780						

December 31, 2020 and 2019

Note 9 - Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

		Investments Held at December 31, 2019						
				Redemption				
		F : \/ I	,	Unfunded	Frequency, if	Redemption		
	_	Fair Value		Commitments	Eligible	Notice Period		
					Daily, Monthly,			
Multistrategy funds	\$	25,507,565	\$	-	Quarterly	0 to 90 Days		
Equity funds		83,739,914		-	Monthly, Daily	0 to 15 Days		
Fixed-income funds		18,647,995		-	Daily	0 to 5 Days		
Private equity and venture capital								
funds		36,454,178		18,275,210	Quarterly	N/A		
Total	\$	164,349,652	\$	18,275,210	· :			

Equity funds invest in publicly traded domestic and international common stocks.

The fixed-income funds invest in U.S. Treasury funds, core domestic fixed income, and emerging-market debt.

The multistrategy hedge funds category invests in hedge funds that range from managers that invest in equity-linked, credit-linked, event-driven, and global macro strategies.

The multistrategy funds invest across multiple asset class categories to diversify risks and reduce volatility.

The private equity funds category consists of investments typically made through limited partnership structures that are illiquid in nature. Private equity encompasses a broad array of strategies and securities. Venture capital includes strategies in technology, financial and business services, health care, and senior structured credit securities. Distributions from each fund will be received only as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated. It is estimated that the underlying assets of the fund will be liquidated over the next 2 to 10 years.

Note 10 - Liquidity and Availability of Resources

The Foundation's financial assets available within one year of December 31, 2020 and 2019 for general expenditure are as follows:

		2020	_	2019
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,413,573	\$	2,052,808
Interest and dividend receivable		44,816		2,805
Unsettled trade receivables		3,005,531		295,533
Equity securities		90,198,905		83,739,914
Fixed-income securities		25,650,592		25,932,091
Hedge funds and multistrategy		29,912,519		30,144,586
Total	<u>\$</u>	150,225,936	\$	142,167,737

None of these financial assets are subject to donor or other contractual restrictions that make them unavailable for grants and general expenditure within one year of the statement of financial position date.

The Foundation endeavors to structure its financial assets to be available to support the operations and programs of the Foundation to satisfy its share of liquidity obligations. The Foundation also realizes there could be unanticipated liquidity needs. In addition to the available financial assets listed above, there are likely to be additional components of the Foundation's investments that may be available and liquid within one year. These components include certain portions of private company investments.