Hudson-Webber Foundation

Financial Report December 31, 2014

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Hudson-Webber Foundation

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Hudson-Webber Foundation (the "Foundation"), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



To the Board of Trustees Hudson-Webber Foundation

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Hudson-Webber Foundation as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As explained in Notes I and 8, the financial statements include certain investments whose fair values have been estimated by management in the absence of readily determinable fair values. Management's estimates are based on information provided by the fund managers or partnership general partners. These investments are valued at \$78,412,379 and \$73,468,780 (46 percent and 43 percent of net assets) at December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Plante 1 Moran, PLLC

June 3, 2015

Hudson-Webber Foundation

Statement of Financial Position

	December 31, 2014			ecember 31, 2013
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,219,359	\$	9,359,124
Investments (Notes 2 and 8)		169,510,230		165,472,632
Interest and dividends receivable		76,656		71
Cash value of life insurance policies		74,736		74,736
Other assets:				
Prepaid expenses		43,512		41,392
Prepaid federal excise tax		10,599		-
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	173,935,092	\$	174,947,955
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	18,499	\$	356
Grants payable (Note 3)		4,349,500		5,175,500
Accrued expenses		168,005		167,471
Accrued federal excise tax payable		-		١,766
Total liabilities		4,536,004		5,345,093
Net Assets - Unrestricted		169,399,088		169,602,862
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	173,935,092	\$	174,947,955

	Year Ended				
	December 31,				
	2014	2013			
Revenue, Gains, and Other Support					
Contributions and other	\$ 365,000	\$ 357,562			
Interest	4,104	11,344			
Dividends	1,953,228	1,827,065			
Net realized and unrealized gains on investments	6,601,106	15,462,219			
Total revenue, gains, and other support	8,923,438	17,658,190			
Expenses					
Grants	8,061,676	7,717,403			
(Decrease) increase in grant commitments	(826,000)	2,738,700			
Net grant expense	7,235,676	10,456,103			
Administrative (Note 7)	1,808,901	2,096,195			
Federal excise tax (Note 4)	82,635	79,996			
Total expenses	9,127,212	12,632,294			
(Decrease) Increase in Net Assets	(203,774)	5,025,896			
Net Assets - Beginning of year	169,602,862	164,576,966			
Net Assets - End of year	\$ 169,399,088	\$ 169,602,862			

Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

Hudson-Webber Foundation

Statement of Cash Flows

	Year Ended				
	December 31, 2014			ecember 31, 2013	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
(Decrease) increase in net assets	\$	(203,774)	\$	5,025,896	
Adjustments to reconcile (decrease) increase in net assets to					
net cash from operating activities:					
Net realized and unrealized gains on investments		(6,601,106)		(15,462,219)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities which (used)					
provided cash:					
Interest and dividends receivable		(76,585)		11,392	
Accrued federal excise tax payable		(12,365)		49,996	
Prepaid expenses		(2,120)		1,473	
Accounts payable		18,143		(6,205)	
Accrued expenses		534		7,678	
Grant payable		(826,000)		2,738,700	
Net cash used in operating activities		(7,703,273)		(7,633,289)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Purchases of investments		(21,183,515)		(7,466,529)	
Proceeds from sales of investments		23,747,023		14,346,411	
Net cash provided by investing activities		2,563,508		6,879,882	
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(5,139,765)		(753,407)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year		9,359,124		10,112,531	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	\$	4,219,359	\$	9,359,124	

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

Hudson-Webber Foundation (the "Foundation"), located in Detroit, Michigan and established in 1943, is a private foundation. The Foundation concentrates its efforts and resources in support of projects primarily within four program missions, each of which impacts upon the vitality and quality of life in the metropolitan Detroit community. The four mission areas are economic development, physical revitalization, the arts, and safe community.

Basis of Accounting - The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, which includes recognition of dividends, interest, and expenses as earned and incurred. Investment transactions are reported on a trade-date basis.

Cash Equivalents - The Foundation considers all highly liquid investments purchased with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Short-term Financial Instruments - The fair values of short-term financial instruments, including cash equivalents, prepaid expenses, dividend and interest receivables, and accrued liabilities, approximate the carrying amounts in the accompanying financial statements due to the short maturity of such instruments.

Investments - Investments in marketable securities are carried at quoted fair market value whenever available. Fair value is determined based on the fair value measurement principles described in Note 8. The alternative investments (see Note 8), comprised primarily of trust funds (which include domestic and foreign equities and domestic and foreign fixed income), hedge funds, and private equities, which are not readily marketable, are carried at estimated fair values. Those estimated fair values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market for these securities existed. Investments are recorded at fair value in the accompanying financial statements.

At December 31, 2014 and 2013, the Foundation had commitments to contribute of approximately \$5.6 million and \$5.0 million, respectively, in additional capital under the terms of various agreements covering private equity and limited partnership agreements.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of financial position.

Realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments represent the difference between the original cost of the investments and sales proceeds (realized) or the fair market value at the end of the year (unrealized). Cost is determined on a first-in, firstout basis.

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Life Insurance Cash Surrender Value - The Foundation is the owner and beneficiary of life insurance policies originated by a donor. These policies are valued at their cash surrender value. The cash surrender value is based on the amount paid less any surrender charges and outstanding loans or interest.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, and other changes in net assets during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentration of Credit Risk Arising from Deposit Accounts - The Foundation maintains cash balances in multiple bank accounts. Accounts at the institutions are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000. The Foundation evaluates the financial institutions with which it deposits funds; however, it is not practical to insure all cash deposits.

Subsequent Events - The financial statements and related disclosures include evaluation of events up through and including June 3, 2015, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 - Investments

Investments consisted of the following at December 31:

		2014				2013			
	_	Cost		Fair Value		Cost		Fair Value	
Traditional asset class securities:									
Domestic equity securities	\$	26,907,545	\$	33,325,826	\$	24,556,353	\$	30,604,478	
Foreign equity securities		23,348,950		26,559,677		21,631,769		27,295,363	
Domestic fixed-income securities		10,043,782		11,368,706		25,527,762		27,077,059	
Foreign fixed-income securities		16,232,040	_	16,025,921		506,368		625,441	
Total traditional asset class									
securities		76,532,317		87,280,130		72,222,252		85,602,341	
Alternative investments:									
Hedge funds and multi-strategy		40,533,609		55,836,607		41,812,826		55,032,597	
Private equity and venture capital		20,372,040	_	26,393,493		18,415,379		24,837,694	
Total alternative									
investments		60,905,649		82,230,100		60,228,205		79,870,291	
Total investments	\$	137,437,966	\$	169,510,230	\$	132,450,457	\$	165,472,632	

Note 3 - Grants Payable

Unconditional grants are recognized as an expense at the time of formal approval by the trustees of the Foundation.

The following summarizes the changes in grants payable:

	2014			2013
Grants payable - Beginning of year	\$	5,175,500	\$	2,436,800
Grants approved		7,235,676		10,456,103
Payments made		(8,061,676)		(7,717,403)
Grants payable - End of year	\$	4,349,500	\$	5,175,500

Grant commitments outstanding at December 31, 2014 are scheduled for payment in 2015 and 2016 for \$3,387,000 and \$962,500, respectively. Grant commitments outstanding at December 31, 2013 were scheduled for payment in 2014 and 2015 for \$3,584,000 and \$1,591,500, respectively. The fair value of grants payable approximates the carrying amounts in the accompanying financial statements. The carrying value of the grants payable is based on the present value of future cash outflows. The inputs are based upon the grant terms as directed by the Foundation.

Conditional grants are expensed when such conditions are substantially met. Conditional grants approved for future payment totaled \$9,772,750 through December 31, 2014 and \$700,250 through December 31, 2013. These grant awards have not been recognized as expense in the respective years.

On June 18, 2014, the board of trustees approved a \$10 million grant, payable over 20 years, to the Foundation for Detroit's Future (FDF), a supporting organization of the Community Foundation of Southeast Michigan, for the purpose of funding part of the settlement of pension claims of the City of Detroit. The payment of the grant installments is conditional upon the City of Detroit Pension Funds and others being in compliance with the grant conditions, of both an initial and ongoing nature, which have been memorialized in agreements between the parties. The Foundation has made one payment to the FDF totaling \$500,000. The remaining \$9,500,000 will be payable upon fulfillment of the conditions as monitored by the FDF. These amounts are not included in grants payable consistent with the Foundation's policy for conditional grants.

On April 14, 2014, the board approved a \$250,000 program grant to Southwest Housing Solutions (SWHS) to leverage private and public sector investments in the Metro Detroit Loan Fund. Issuance of a grant agreement was conditional upon review from the Foundation's legal counsel, demonstration that a \$15 million loan pool was in place, and \$1.5 million credit enhancement was fully committed. As of April 13, 2015, SWHS did not meet all the contingencies and therefore, the Foundation rescinded the grant on April 13, 2015, reducing the Foundation's conditional commitments.

Note 4 - Excise Taxes

The Foundation is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code. As a private foundation, the Foundation is subject to an excise tax on net investment income, including realized gains as defined in the Tax Reform Act of 1969.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to evaluate tax positions taken by the Foundation and recognize a tax liability if the Foundation has taken an uncertain position that more likely than not would not be sustained upon examination by the IRS or other applicable taxing authorities. Management has analyzed the tax positions taken by the Foundation and has concluded that as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, there are no uncertain positions taken or expected to be taken that would require recognition of a liability or disclosure in the financial statements. The Foundation's federal income tax returns for the years prior to December 31, 2011 are no longer subject to examination.

The Foundation's excise tax expense as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 is comprised of the following:

	 2014		2013	
Current	\$ 82,635	\$	79,996	

In addition, the Internal Revenue Code requires that certain minimum distributions be made in accordance with a specified formula. The Foundation will have paid or set aside approximately \$1 million as qualifying distributions for 2014 and 2013.

Note 5 - Defined Contribution Plan

The Foundation established a defined contribution pension plan as of January 1, 2000. The plan covers eligible employees with at least one year of service. The Foundation makes contributions to the plan based upon each eligible employee's base salary. Contributions to the plan for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 totaled \$51,959 and \$81,620, respectively.

The Foundation established a 457(b) plan as of January 1, 2013. The Foundation accrues contributions based on the participant's base salary. Contribution expense for the plan was approximately \$9,500 and \$8,500 for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Note 6 - Lease Commitments

The Foundation leases its office space under a lease agreement that expires in February 2021. The lease agreement provides for a base rental and electricity amount, plus a prorata share of increases in property taxes and operating expenses relating to the building. Rent expense was approximately \$65,800 for 2014 and \$63,500 for 2013.

Note 6 - Lease Commitments (Continued)

The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Years Ending December 31		Amount			
2015		\$	67,326		
2016			69,239		
2017			71,157		
2018			73,079		
2019-2021			164,817		
	Total	\$	445,618		

Note 7 - Expenses

The Foundation's total expenses can be allocated into program services, investment and general expenses, and federal excise taxes. Program services consist of grants expense and the expenses in support of grant-making activities. Investment and general expenses consist of administrative expenses not related to program services and direct expenses related to the Foundation's investments. The Foundation's total expenses are summarized as follows:

	2014		_	2013	
Grants Grant support costs	\$	7,235,676 1,161,624	\$	10,456,103 1,364,073	
Total program services		8,397,300		,820, 76	
Investment and general expenses Federal excise tax		647,277 82,635		732,122 79,996	
Total	<u>\$</u>	9,127,212	\$	12,632,294	

Note 8 - Fair Value Measurements

Accounting standards require certain assets and liabilities be reported at fair value in the financial statements and provide a framework for establishing that fair value. The framework for determining fair value is based on a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs and valuation techniques used to measure fair value.

The following tables present information about the Foundation's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2014 and 2013 and the valuation techniques used by the Foundation to determine those fair values.

In general, fair values determined by Level I inputs use quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the Foundation has the ability to access.

Note 8 - Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Fair values determined by Level 2 inputs use other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly. These Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets in active markets and other inputs such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs, including inputs that are available in situations whereby there is little, if any, market activity for the related asset.

In instances whereby inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The Foundation's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset.

The Foundation's policy is to recognize transfers in and transfers out of Level 1, 2, and 3 fair value classifications as of the actual date of the event of change in circumstances that caused the transfer. There were no transfers between levels during the years ended December 31, 2014 or 2013.

Disclosures concerning assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis are as follows:

		puoted Prices in Active Markets for entical Assets (Level I)	Other or Observable		Other Significant Observable Unobservable Inputs Inputs			Balance at December 31, 2014		
Assets										
Domestic equities	\$	8,862,303	\$	21,464,619	\$	2,998,904	\$	33,325,826		
Foreign equities		-		20,881,279		5,678,398		26,559,677		
Domestic fixed income		4,962,763		-		6,405,943		11,368,706		
Foreign fixed income Hedge funds and multi-		15,280,631		-		745,290		16,025,921		
strategy		9,142,246		10,504,010		36,190,351		55,836,607		
Private equity and venture capital		-		-	_	26,393,493	_	26,393,493		
Total assets	\$	38,247,943	\$	52,849,908	\$	78,412,379	\$	169,510,230		

Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2014

Note 8 - Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements at December	31,	2013
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	-	uoted Prices in Active Markets for		Significant Other Observable		Significant Inobservable		Balance at
	-	entical Assets	Inputs		C	Inputs	D	ecember 31.
		(Level I)	(Level 2)		(Level 3)		_	2013
Assets								
Domestic equities	\$	8,186,724	\$	18,825,935	\$	3,591,819	\$	30,604,478
Foreign equities		-		21,398,346		5,897,017		27,295,363
Domestic fixed income		22,841,929		-		4,235,130		27,077,059
Foreign fixed income		-		-		625,441		625,441
Hedge funds and multi-								
strategy		9,515,581		11,235,337		34,281,679		55,032,597
Private equity and venture capital		-				24,837,694		24,837,694
Total assets	\$	40,544,234	\$	51,459,618	\$	73,468,780	\$	165,472,632

Changes in Level 3 Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

	Domestic Equities	Foreign Equities	Domestic Fixed Income	Foreign Fixed Income	Hedge Funds and Multi- Strategy	Private Equity and Venture Capital	Total
Balance at January 1, 2013	\$ 2,985,187	\$ 6,003,543	\$ 3,880,743	\$ 348,272	\$ 32,887,206	\$ 21,762,139	\$ 67,867,090
Activity for 2013: Total realized and unrealized gains included in changes in							
net assets	258,378	424,203	304,655	44,991	1,493,995	3,057,205	5,583,427
Purchases	348,254	-	49,732	232,178	-	-	630,164
Redemptions	-	(530,729)	-	-	(99,522)		(630,251)
Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	2,866,529	2,866,529
Distributions	-	-		-	-	(2,848,179)	(2,848,179)
Balance at December 31, 2013	3,591,819	5,897,017	4,235,130	625,441	34,281,679	24,837,694	73,468,780
Activity for 2014: Total realized and unrealized gains included in changes in							
net assets	(21,083)	(39,921)	(45,036)	(5,240)	3,499,080	1,532,939	4,920,739
Purchases	-	-	2,215,849	125,089	-	22,860	2,363,798
Redemptions	(571,832)	(178,698)	-	-	(1,590,408)	-	(2,340,938)
Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	5,838,688	5,838,688
Distributions					-	(5,838,688)	(5,838,688)
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 2,998,904	\$ 5,678,398	\$ 6,405,943	\$ 745,290	\$ 36,190,351	\$ 26,393,493	\$ 78,412,379

Note 8 - Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The fair value of the domestic and foreign equities, hedge funds, and multi-strategy funds at December 31, 2014 was determined primarily based on Level 2 inputs. The Foundation estimates the fair value of these investments based on its proportionate ownership interest in the fair value of the net assets of the fund which is based on actual underlying securities using quoted market prices in active and nonactive markets or prices based on market-corroborated inputs.

Investments categorized as Level 3 assets primarily consist of trust funds (which include domestic and foreign equities and domestic and foreign fixed income), hedge funds, and private equity. The Foundation estimates the fair value of these investments based on reports received by the investment's general partners and/or fund managers based on quoted market prices, where available, K-1s, audited financial statements, or other methods of reported fair value, as disclosed by the general partners and/or fund managers. Those estimated fair values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market for these securities existed.

Of the Level 3 assets still held by the Foundation at December 31, 2014 and 2013, the realized and unrealized gain for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 was approximately \$4.9 million and \$5.6 million, respectively, which is recognized in increase in net assets in the statement of activities and changes in net assets.

Both observable and unobservable inputs may be used to determine the fair value of positions classified as Level 3 assets. As a result, the unrealized gains for these assets presented in the tables above may include changes in fair value that were attributable to both observable and unobservable inputs.

Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share - The Foundation holds shares or interests in investment companies at year end whereby the fair value of the investment held is estimated based on the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment company.

At year end, the fair value, unfunded commitments, and redemption rules of those investments are as follows:

	Fair Value		Unfunded Commitments		Redemption Frequency, if Eligible	Redemption Notice Period	
Equity long/short hedge funds Multi-strategy funds	\$	9,920,334 52,602,562	\$	-	Monthly Monthly, quarterly,	30 days	
Equity funds		42.345.898			semiannually Daily	0 to 95 days N/A	
Private equity fund		26,393,493		5,620,476	N/A	N/A	
Total	\$	131,262,287	\$	5,620,476			

Investments Held at December 31, 2014

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Note 8 - Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Investments Held at December 31, 2013

	Fair Value		Unfunded Commitments		Redemption Frequency, if Eligible	Redemption Notice Period	
Equity long/short hedge funds Multi-strategy funds	\$	7,851,656 52.014.767	\$	-	Monthly Monthly, quarterly,	30 days	
Equity funds		40,224,281		-	semiannually Daily	0 to 95 days N/A	
Private equity fund		24,837,694		4,993,132	N/A	N/A	
Total	\$	124,928,398	\$	4,993,132			

The equity long/short hedge fund category includes an investment in a hedge fund that invests primarily in both long and short publicly traded domestic and international common stocks. Management of the hedge fund has the ability to shift investments between firms within the healthcare sector and to adjust the market exposure of the fund over time based on market conditions.

The multi-strategy hedge funds category invests in hedge funds that range from a manager that invests only in long/short categories to managers that also invest in event-driven, relative value, and global macro strategies.

The multi-strategy funds invest across multiple asset class categories to diversify risks and reduce volatility.

Equity funds invest in publicly traded domestic and international common stocks.

The private equity funds category consists of investments typically made through limited partnership structures and are illiquid in nature. Private equity encompasses a broad array of strategies and securities. Venture capital strategies purchase equity in technology, financial and business services, health care, and consumer/retail companies. Other strategies will invest in senior structured credit securities and debt and equity securities issued by banks, as well as bank portfolio assets that may be disposed. Distributions from each fund will be received only as the underlying investments of the funds are liquidated. It is estimated that the underlying assets of the fund will be liquidated over the next two to five years.



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Certification of President and VP, Finance and Administration

In connection with the annual report of the Hudson-Webber Foundation (the "Foundation") for the year ending December 31, 2014, we, David O. Egner and Julie A. Ermler, President and CEO and VP, Finance and Administration, respectively, of the Foundation, certify the following:

- 1. To our knowledge, the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial position, changes in net assets, and cash flows of the Foundation.
- 2. Based on our knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact, or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report.
- 3. Based on our knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial position, changes in net assets, and cash flows of the Foundation as of, and for, the periods presented in this report.
- 4. We are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting for the Foundation and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Foundation is made known to us by others within the Foundation, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared.
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 5. We have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Foundation's auditors and the Audit Committee of the Foundation's Board of Trustees:
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Foundation's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial information.
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Foundation's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: June 3, 2015

David O. Egner, President and CEC

Julie A. Ermler, VP, Finance & Administration